

L2F Lab 6: Point Estimation

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Outline

- Where to find my slides

(<https://thisisyichenzhang.github.io/files/STAT200-2019/lab6slides.pdf>)

- TA evaluation

(<https://learn.stat.ubc.ca/eval/182200RQL>)

- Midterm return & Grade appeal information
- Lab instructions & Sample code

TA Evaluation

(<https://learn.stat.ubc.ca/eval/182200RQL>)

- We will spend the first 5 minutes to complete the mid-term TA evaluation.
- Please use the link "<https://learn.stat.ubc.ca/eval/182200RQL>" to complete the evaluation for me (Yichen).
- Your answers are recorded anonymously and will NOT be provided to the TA. You can access the link through PC/phone/laptop.

Midterm return & Grade appeal instructions

- You can pick up your midterm after you finishing today's lab.
- Grade appeal: you can talk to me/instructor/any other TAs to request a grade appeal.
- For the grade appeal: Please attach a short note to indicate the question you want to be regraded and a brief justification. For example: "The solution says XXXX. My answer says XXXX. I have all the relevant information included in my answer."

Lab instructions

In previous labs, we learnt how to estimate the **mean** parameter. Today, we will learn how to estimate the **variance** parameter.

How we did in previous labs:

- 1 Simulate 1000 sample from a distribution (Normal/Uniform/...) ie. Sample 1, sample2, ... , sample 1000.
- 2 For each sample we compute the **sample mean** ie. **Sample mean 1, sample mean 2, ... , sample mean 1000.**
- 3 We compute the mean of those **sample means**, draw histograms for those **sample means**.

Lab instructions

In previous labs, we learnt how to estimate the **mean** parameter. Today, we will learn how to estimate the **variance** parameter.

How we will do today:

- 1 Simulate 1000 sample from a distribution (Normal).
ie. Sample 1, sample2, ... , sample 1000.
- 2 For each sample, we compute the **sample variance**
ie. **Sample variance 1, sample variance 2, ... , sample variance 1000.**
- 3 We compute the mean of those **sample variances**, draw histograms for those **sample variances**.

Question 1

```
# Simulate a sample of size 50 from Normal ditribution  
# with mean = 15 and sd = 3  
onesample = rnorm(50,15,3)  
# Compute S1  
S1 = sd(onesample)  
# Compute S1 square  
S1_square = S1^2  
S1_square  
# Compute S0 square  
S0_square = S1_square * (50-1) / 50  
S0_square  
# Compute S2 square  
S2_square = S1_square * (50-1) / (50-2)  
S2_square
```

Question 2

```
# Simulate 1000 samples of size 50 from the same distribution
samples = replicate(1000, rnorm(50, 15, 3))
# Compute S1 for each sample
# Remember here you have 1000 samples,
# so you will have 1000 values of 'S1'
S1 = apply(samples, 2, sd)
# Compute S1 square
S1_square = S1^2
# Compute S0 square
S0_square = S1_square * (50-1) / 50
# Compute S2 square
S2_square = S1_square * (50-1) / (50-2)
```


Question 3 & Question 5

```
## Question 3
# Compute the mean of your 1000 S1 squares
mean(S1_square)
# Compute the mean of your 1000 S0 squares
mean(S0_square)
# Compute the mean of your 1000 S2 squares
mean(S2_square)
```

```
## Question 5: Draw histograms
hist(S1_square)
hist(S0_square)
hist(S2_square)
```